

SDG	SDG Target	Indicator	Indicator 2	Indicator 3	Indicator 4	Indicator 5	Source 1	Source 2	Source 3	Source 4	Source 5
SDG 1: No Poverty	1.2 By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions	1.2.1 Proportion of population living below the national poverty line, by sex and age	1.2.2 Proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions	Reduce the gap in earnings between the top 10% and bottom 10% of wages			SDGs/City Sustainability Indexes	SDGs	Bristol City Council Data Team		
	1.3 Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable	1.3.1 Proportion of population covered by social protection floors/systems, by sex, distinguishing children, unemployed persons, older persons, persons with disabilities, pregnant women, newborns, work-injury victims and the poor and the vulnerable					SDGs				
	1.5 By 2030, build the resilience of the poor and those in vulnerable situations and reduce their exposure and vulnerability to climate-related extreme events and other economic, social and environmental shocks and disasters	11.5.2 Direct economic loss in relation to global GDP, damage to critical infrastructure and number of disruptions to basic services, attributed to disasters	Number of disaster related deaths per 100 000 population				SDGs	City Sustainability indexes			

SDG 2: Zero Hunger	2.1 By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by all people, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round	number of missing meals per person (meal gap)	Number of people experiencing food insecurity	Reduce food poverty (definition from Quality of Life survey)			One City Plan Theme Leads	One City Plan Theme Leads	Bristol City Council Data Team		
	2.2 By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons	% obesity and overweight in children in Year 6	% children attending school hungry				Happy City	One City Plan Theme Leads			
	2.4 By 2030, ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural practices that increase productivity and production, that help maintain ecosystems, that strengthen capacity for adaptation to climate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding and other disasters and that progressively improve land and soil quality	2.4.1 Proportion of agricultural area under productive and sustainable agriculture					SDGs				

SDG 3: Good Health and Wellbeing	3.1 By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births	3.1.1 Maternal mortality ratio					SDGs				
	3.2 By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births	3.2.1 Under-5 mortality rate					SDGs				
	3.3 By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases	3.3.1 Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population, by sex, age and key populations	3.3.2 Tuberculosis incidence per 100,000 population				SDGs	SDGs			
	3.4 By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being	Years of Potential Life Lost – an age and sex standardised measure of premature death	Mortality from causes that are preventable				Happy City	Happy City			

	3.5 Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol	Initiatives taken or supported to engage people in health interventions (e.g. stop smoking, obesity, alcoholism, drugs, etc) or wellbeing initiatives in the community, including physical	3.5.1 Coverage of treatment interventions (pharmacological, psychosocial and rehabilitation and aftercare services) for substance use disorders	3.5.2 Harmful use of alcohol, defined according to the national context as alcohol per capita consumption (aged 15 years and older) within a calendar year in litres of pure alcohol			SVP	SDGs	SDGs		
	3.6 By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents	Deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents					City Sustainability Indexes				
	3.7 By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes	3.7.1 Proportion of women of reproductive age (aged 15–49 years) who have their need for family planning satisfied with modern methods	3.7.2 Adolescent birth rate (aged 10–14 years; aged 15–19 years) per 1,000 women in that age group				SDGs	SDGs			
	3.8 Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all	3.b.1 Proportion of the target population covered by all vaccines included in their national programme	Gap in healthy life expectancy between the most and least deprived areas of Bristol				SDGs	Bristol City Council Data Team			

	3.9 By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination	3.9.1 Mortality rate attributed to household and ambient air pollution	Vehicles emissions: Deaths attributable to air pollution / levels of NO2					SDGs	Theme leads		
	3.a Strengthen the implementation of the World Health Organization Framework Convention on Tobacco Control in all countries, as appropriate	Initiatives taken or supported to engage people in health interventions (e.g. stop smoking, obesity, alcoholism, drugs, etc) or wellbeing initiatives in the community, including physical						SVP			

	3.b Support the research and development of vaccines and medicines for the communicable and non-communicable diseases that primarily affect developing countries, provide access to affordable essential medicines and vaccines, in accordance with the Doha Declaration on the TRIPS Agreement and Public Health, which affirms the right of developing countries to use to the full the provisions in the Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights regarding flexibilities to protect public health, and, in particular, provide access to medicines for all	Rate of inappropriate prescribing of antibiotics	3.b.1 Proportion of the target population covered by all vaccines included in their national programme				OCP	SDGs			
SDG 4: Quality Education	4.1 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes	4.1.1 Proportion of children and young people (a) in grades 2/3; (b) at the end of primary; and (c) at the end of lower secondary achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in (i) reading and (ii) mathematics, by sex	% of students completing secondary education: survival rate	% of children achieving 8 GCSEs (attainment 8 score) – broken down by areas of deprivation	Key Stage 4: Attainment 8 – Reduce the Points gap between the Disadvantaged and Non-Disadvantaged		SDGs	City Sustainability indexes	City Sustainability indexes	Bristol City Council Data Team	

4.2 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education so that they are ready for primary education	4.2.1 Proportion of children under 5 years of age who are developmentally on track in health, learning and psychosocial well-being, by sex	4.2.2 Participation rate in organized learning (one year before the official primary entry age), by sex	A reduction in the gap between children in the 30% most deprived areas achieving a good level of development at Early Years foundation stage compared to those not in	Differences in school readiness between boys and girls; for children with English as a second language; and BME children.		SDGs/Happy City	SDGs	Bristol City Council Data Team	One City Plan Theme Leads	
4.3 By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university	number of higher education degrees per 100 000 population	% of school leavers identified as not in education employment or training.	% of young people entering further or higher education.	% of young people entering jobs with training		City Sustainability Indexes	One City Plan Theme Leads	One City Plan Theme Leads	One City Plan Theme Leads	
4.4 By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship	% of young people accessing apprenticeships	% of young people entering further or higher education.	% of adults without a full Level 2 qualification (equivalent to 5 GCSEs)	% of young people entering jobs with training	% of adults who have participated in education or training in the last four weeks	One City Plan Theme Leads	One City Plan Theme Leads	One City Plan Theme Leads	One City Plan Theme Leads	Happy City
4.5 By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations	4.2.1 Proportion of children under 5 years of age who are developmentally on track in health, learning and psychosocial well-being, by sex	4.2.2 Participation rate in organized learning (one year before the official primary entry age), by sex	% of female school-aged population in school/% of male school-aged population enrolled in schools			SDGs	SDGs	City Sustainability Indexes		

	4.6 By 2030, ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy	4.6.1 Proportion of population in a given age group achieving at least a fixed level of proficiency in functional (a) literacy and (b) numeracy skills, by sex					SDGs/City Sustainability Indexes/Happy City				
	4.7 By 2030, ensure that all learners acquire the knowledge and skills needed to promote sustainable development, including, among others, through education for sustainable development and sustainable lifestyles, human rights, gender equality, promotion of a culture of peace and non-violence, global citizenship and appreciation of cultural diversity and of culture's contribution to sustainable development	4.7.1 Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development, including gender equality and human rights, are mainstreamed at all levels in (a) national education policies; (b) curricula; (c) teacher education; and (d) student assessment					SDGs				
SDG 5: Gender Equality	5.1 End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere	5.5.1 Proportion of seats held by women in (a) national parliaments and (b) local governments	5.5.2 Proportion of women in managerial positions				SDGs	SDGs			

	5.2 Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation	5.2.1 Proportion of ever-partnered women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to physical, sexual or psychological violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by form of violence and by age	5.2.2 Proportion of women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to sexual violence by persons other than an intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by age and place of occurrence				SDGs	SDGs			
	5.3 Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation	5.3.1 Proportion of women aged 20–24 years who were married or in a union before age 15 and before age 18	5.3.2 Proportion of girls and women aged 15–49 years who have undergone female genital mutilation/cutting, by age				SDGs	SDGs/OCP			
	5.4 Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate	5.4.1 Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work, by sex, age and location					SDGs				
	5.5 Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life	5.5.1 Proportion of seats held by women in (a) national parliaments and (b) local governments	5.5.2 Proportion of women in managerial positions				SDGs	SDGs			

	5.6 Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development and the Beijing Platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences	Have new policies or initiatives been implemented in Bristol to improve access to sexual and reproductive health care?					Alternative Indicator				
	5.c Adopt and strengthen sound policies and enforceable legislation for the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls at all levels	Have new policies or initiatives been implemented to improve gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls in Bristol?					Alternative Indicator				
SDG 6: Clean Water and Sanitation	6.3 By 2030, improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and minimizing release of hazardous chemicals and materials, halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse globally	6.3.1 Proportion of wastewater safely treated	6.3.2 Proportion of bodies of water with good ambient water quality (Ecological Status of Bristol Water Catchment)				SDGs/City Sustainability Indexes	SDGs/One City Plan Theme Leads			

	6.4 By 2030, substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors and ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of freshwater to address water scarcity and substantially reduce the number of people suffering from water scarcity	6.4.1 Change in water-use efficiency over time	6.4.2 Level of water stress: freshwater withdrawal as a proportion of available freshwater resources				SDGs	SDGs			
SDG 7: Affordable and Clean Energy	7.1 By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services	7.1.2 Proportion of population with primary reliance on clean fuels and technology	Total Electrical energy use per capita (residential + city wide)				SDGs	City Sustainability Indexes			
	7.2 By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix	7.2.1 Renewable energy share in the total final energy consumption					SDGs/City Sustainability Indexes				
	7.3 By 2030, double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency	7.3.1 Energy intensity measured in terms of primary energy and GDP					SDGs				
SDG 8: Decent work and Economic Growth	8.1 Sustain per capita economic growth in accordance with national circumstances and, in particular, at least 7 per cent gross domestic product growth per annum in the least developed countries	GVA	GVA growth rate				One City Plan Theme Leads/ SDGs	Bristol City Council Data Team/ SDGs			

	8.2 Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on high-value added and labour-intensive sectors	8.2.1 Annual growth rate of real GVA per employed person					SDGs				
	8.3 Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services	City's unemployment rate	Number of businesses per 100 000 population	Increased number of business start-ups in deprived areas			City Sustainability Indexes	City Sustainability Indexes	Bristol City Council Data Team		

	8.4 Improve progressively, through 2030, global resource efficiency in consumption and production and endeavour to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation, in accordance with the 10-Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production, with developed countries taking the lead	8.4.1 Material footprint, material footprint per capita, and material footprint per GDP					SDGs				
	8.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value	8.5.1 Average hourly earnings of female and male employees, by occupation, age and persons with disabilities	8.5.2 Unemployment rate, by sex, age and persons with disabilities	Difference between high performing and poorly performing areas in the number of unemployed people			SDGs	SDGs	Bristol City Council Corporate Strategy		
	8.6 By 2020, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training	8.6.1 Proportion of youth (aged 15–24 years) not in education, employment or training	Youth unemployment rate	% of 17 - 21 year old care leavers in EET	% of young people of academic age 16 to 17 years who are NEET & destination unknown	proportion of young people who have experience of work/apprenticeship by school age 16.	SDGs	City Sustainability Indexes	Bristol City Council Data Team	Bristol City Council Data Team	Bristol City Council Corporate Strategy

	8.7 Take immediate and effective measures to eradicate forced labour, end modern slavery and human trafficking and secure the prohibition and elimination of the worst forms of child labour, including recruitment and use of child soldiers, and by 2025 end child labour in all its forms	8.7.1 Proportion and number of children aged 5–17 years engaged in child labour, by sex and age	Number of Bristol based companies reporting on modern slavery				SDGs	Tiscreport			
	8.8 Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular women migrants, and those in precarious employment	8.8.1 Frequency rates of fatal and non-fatal occupational injuries, by sex and migrant status					SDGs				
	8.9 By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products	8.9.2 Proportion of jobs in sustainable tourism industries out of total tourism jobs	8.9.1 Tourism direct GDP as a proportion of total GDP and in growth rate				SDGs	SDGs			
SDG 9: Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	9.1 Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and transborder infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all	9.1.2 Passenger and freight volumes, by mode of transport	Km of high capacity public transport system per 100 000 population	Km of light passenger transport public transport systems per 100 000 population			SDGs	City Sustainability indexes	City Sustainability Indexes		

	9.2 Promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and, by 2030, significantly raise industry's share of employment and gross domestic product, in line with national circumstances, and double its share in least developed countries	9.2.1 Manufacturing value added as a proportion of GDP and per capita	9.2.2 Manufacturing employment as a proportion of total employment				SDGs	SDGs			
	9.4 By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities	9.4.1 CO2 emission per unit of value added					SDGs				
	9.c Significantly increase access to information and communications technology and strive to provide universal and affordable access to the Internet in least developed countries by 2020	Number of internet connections per 100 000 population	% living in the most deprived areas who have access to the internet at home via home broadband, mobile phone or mobile broadband				City Sustainability Indexes	Bristol City Council Data Team			

SDG 10: Reduced Inequalities	10.1 By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average	Gini Coefficient	80/20 percentile ratio of weekly earnings (a bigger ratio means a bigger difference between percentiles and thus more inequality)				City Sustainability Indexes/Bristol City Council Data team/One City Plan Theme Leads	Happy City			
	10.2 By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status	10.2.1 Proportion of people living below 50 per cent of median income, by sex	10.2.1 Proportion of people living below 50 per cent of median income, by age	10.2.1 Proportion of people living below 50 per cent of median income, by persons with disabilities	10.2.1 Proportion of people living below 50 per cent of median income, by ethnicity		SDGs	SDGs	SDGs	SDGs	
	10.3 Ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including by eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies and action in this regard	10.3.1 Proportion of population reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed in the previous 12 months on the basis of a ground of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law	Race pay gap	Gender pay gap			SDGs	Bristol City Council Business strategy	Bristol City Council Business strategy		
	10.4 Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, and progressively achieve greater equality	% of full-time employees with low relative income (less than 70% of UK median wage)					Happy City				

SDG 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities	11.1 By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums	11.1.1 Proportion of urban population living in slums, informal settlements or inadequate housing	Social and private housing in poor condition (proportion)	Number (per 100 households) accepted as being homeless and in priority need under the homelessness provisions of the 1996 Housing Act	Overall satisfaction with your current accommodation - by tenure		SDGs	Happy City	Happy City	Bristol City Council Data Team	
	11.2 By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons	11.2.1 Proportion of population that has convenient access to public transport, by sex, age and persons with disabilities	Modal split, focus on sustainable and active transport	Km of light passenger transport public transport systems per 100 000 population	Annual number of public transport trips per capita		SDGs	One City Plan Theme Leads	City Sustainability indexes	City Sustainability Indexes	
	11.3 By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries	11.3.1 Ratio of land consumption rate to population growth rate	Voter participation in last municipal election (as % of eligible voters)	Women as a % of total elected to city-level office			SDGs	City Sustainability indexes	City Sustainability Indexes		

	11.4 Strengthen efforts to protect and safeguard the world's cultural and natural heritage	11.4.1 Total expenditure (public and private) per capita spent on the preservation, protection and conservation of all cultural and natural heritage, by type of heritage (cultural, natural, mixed and World Heritage Centre designation), level of government (national, regional and local/municipal), type of expenditure (operating expenditure/investment) and type of private funding (donations in kind, private non-profit sector and sponsorship)	Number of tourists visiting Bristol				SDGs	One City Plan Theme Leads			
	11.5 By 2030, significantly reduce the number of deaths and the number of people affected and substantially decrease the direct economic losses relative to global gross domestic product caused by disasters, including water-related disasters, with a focus on protecting the poor and people in vulnerable situations	11.5.2 Direct economic loss in relation to global GDP, damage to critical infrastructure and number of disruptions to basic services, attributed to disasters	Number of disaster related deaths per 100 000 population				SDGs	City Sustainability indexes			

	11.6 By 2030, reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management	11.6.1 Proportion of urban solid waste regularly collected and with adequate final discharge out of total urban solid waste generated, by cities	11.6.2 Annual mean levels of fine particulate matter (e.g. PM2.5 and PM10) in cities (population weighted)	Nitrogen Dioxide (NO2) concentration	Sulphur Dioxide (SO2) concentration	Ozone (O3) concentration	SDGs	SDGs	City Sustainability Indexes	City Sustainability Indexes	City Sustainability Indexes
	11.7 By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities	% of residents visiting a park or open space at least once a week	Green area (hectares) per 100 000 population				Bristol City Council Data Team	City Sustainability indexes			
SDG 12: Responsible Production and Consumption	12.2 By 2030, achieve the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources	12.2.1 Material footprint per capita, and material footprint per GDP	12.2.2 Domestic material consumption, domestic material consumption per capita, and domestic material consumption per GDP				SDGs	SDGs			
	12.3 By 2030, halve per capita global food waste at the retail and consumer levels and reduce food losses along production and supply chains, including post-harvest losses	Food waste per capita					One City Plan Theme Leads				

	12.4 By 2020, achieve the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle, in accordance with agreed international frameworks, and significantly reduce their release to air, water and soil in order to minimize their adverse impacts on human health and the environment	12.4.2 Hazardous waste generated per capita and proportion of hazardous waste treated, by type of treatment					SDGs				
	12.5 By 2030, substantially reduce waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse	Recycling rates	Total waste produced	Total waste reused			One City Plan Theme Leads	One City Plan Theme Leads	One City Plan Theme Leads		
	12.6 Encourage companies, especially large and transnational companies, to adopt sustainable practices and to integrate sustainability information into their reporting cycle	Number of companies adopting OCP/SDGs	12.6.1 Number of companies publishing sustainability reports				Tiscreport	SDGs			
	12.7 Promote public procurement practices that are sustainable, in accordance with national policies and priorities	Implementation fo Social Value Portal					SVP				

	12.8 By 2030, ensure that people everywhere have the relevant information and awareness for sustainable development and lifestyles in harmony with nature	4.7.1 Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development, including gender equality and human rights, are mainstreamed at all levels in (a) national education policies; (b) curricula; (c) teacher education; and (d) student assessment									
SDG 13: Climate Action	13.1 Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries	13.1.1 Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population					SDGs				
	13.2 Integrate climate change measures into (national) policies, strategies and planning	Have new climate change policies or initiatives been introduced by city stakeholders?					SDGs				
							Alternative Indicator				

	13.3 Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning	4.7.1 Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development, including gender equality and human rights, are mainstreamed at all levels in (a) national education policies; (b) curricula; (c) teacher education; and (d) student assessment									
							SDGs				
SDG 14: Life Under Water	14.1 By 2025, prevent and significantly reduce marine pollution of all kinds, in particular from land-based activities, including marine debris and nutrient pollution	14.1.1 Index of coastal eutrophication and floating plastic debris density	Ecological status of Bristol's water catchment					SDGs	One City Plan Theme Leads		
SDG 15: Life on Land	15.1 By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements	Ecological status of Bristol's water catchment	Tree canopy cover in Bristol	Green area (hectares) per 100 000 population	Net biodiversity increase			One City Plan Theme Leads	Bristol City Council Data Team	City Sustainability Indexes	Happy City
	15.9 By 2020, integrate ecosystem and biodiversity values into national and local planning, development processes, poverty reduction strategies and accounts	Have new ecosystem and biodiversity values been integrated into planning processes or development initiatives in Bristol?						Alternative Indicator			

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SDG 17: Partnerships for the Goals	17.17 Encourage and promote effective public, public-private and civil society partnerships, building on the experience and resourcing strategies of partnerships	Have new public, public-private and civil society partnerships formed in Bristol to enhance capacity to achieve local sustainability goals?									
							Alternative Indicator				